

# The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXVIII.

NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 10, 1849.

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## THE MERCURY

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ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square  
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charged for each subsequent insertion,—with a  
large deduction to those advertising by the year.  
No paper discontinued (unless at the discre-  
tion of the Proprietors) until arrears are paid.

## Weekly Almanac.

NOVEMBER, 1849.	SUN	SUN	MOON	HIGH
	RISES	SETS	RISES	WATER
10 SATURDAY,	7 6 4 55	2 29 4 20		
11 SUNDAY,	7 6 4 54	3 32 5 16		
12 MONDAY,	7 7 4 53	4 33 6 08		
13 TUESDAY,	7 8 4 52	5 33 6 42		
14 WEDNESDAY,	7 9 4 51	6 33 7 18		
15 THURSDAY,	7 11 4 49	6 32 8 15		
16 FRIDAY,	7 12 4 48	6 32 9 33		

New Moon, 14th day, 4th hour, 44m evening

## The Boston Almanac, 1850.

THIS popular Annual, beautifully embellished,  
bound in cloth, and gilt, surpassing any pre-  
vious number in the elegance of its style, and the  
value of its contents, will be published about the  
middle of November, it will contain—

A NEW RAILROAD and TELEGRAPH  
MAP OF NEW ENGLAND, and the greater  
part of the State of New York. Over sixty Rail-  
roads are exhibited, and all the important places  
on the routes. It is finely engraved on steel, and  
is alone worth the price of the whole work.

Calendar and Memoranda. Pages embellished  
with VIGNETTES of the TWELVE PRES-  
IDENTS of the UNITED STATES, with brief  
Statistical Sketches imparting new information.

A complete CITY RECORD, being a sys-  
tematic compilation of the various Departments of  
Government, Recent Laws, Finance, PUBLIC  
IMPROVEMENTS, including the WATER  
WORKS, (with fine engravings,) a BUSI-  
NESS DIRECTORY of Boston, tables of Streets,  
Wharves, Halls, Buildings, Offices, Societies;

Railroads, Telegraphs, Expresses, Omnibuses,  
Mails and Postages to all parts of the world; Rates  
of Wharfrage, Weather Tables, Local Events, &c.

State Government, Probate Courts, and Com-  
missioners of Insolvency in Massachusetts; U. S.  
Government—with members of Congress politi-  
cally designated; General Events, during the past  
year of tumult and change; and many other useful  
Statistics.

This Almanac has 220 closely printed pages,  
and contains more than an ordinary Svo. of 500  
pages, which would sell for two or three dollars.  
For the Almanac, the price is only TWENTY-  
FIVE CENTS, with a liberal discount at whole-  
sale. It is retailed at all the Stores in New Eng-  
land, and the cities of the South and West.

The work will in future be conducted by the  
undersigned, agreeably to arrangement with the  
late S. N. DICKINSON, its former proprietor.  
Orders sent immediately to Messrs. B. B. MUSE-  
SEY & CO., 29 Cornhill, or to Mr. THOMAS  
GROOM, 82 State Street, Publishers, will be  
early answered. COOLIDGE & WILEY,  
Nov. 3.

## I bought my BOOTS,

SHOES AND RUBBERS,

—AT—

NORMAN'S,

No. 17 THAMES ST., CORNER OF MARKET SQUARE



TO LET,

THAT well known estate in

Broad Street, near the State House,  
formerly occupied by Mr. Joseph  
Fish, as a Boarding House. It con-  
tains 20 Rooms, with a Cook House, and every  
necessary convenience. The House is in good re-  
pair, and its location will be found very conve-  
nient for travellers or persons having business with  
the Courts or the General Assembly. It will be  
leased in two tenements if wanted. For further  
particulars and terms apply to

JOSEPH ANTHONY.

Newport, Oct. 27, 1849.

## GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the  
Court of Probate of the town of Portsmouth,  
guardian of the persons and estates of Charles D.  
Baker and Daniel Baker, minors, and children of  
David Baker, late of said Portsmouth, dec., and  
having qualified himself according to law, re-  
quests all persons having claims against said mi-  
nors, to present the same to him within six  
months from the date hereof, and all persons in-  
debted to them to pay the same to him, without  
delay. SAMUEL CLARKE, Guardian  
Oct. 27, 1849.

## STRAW BONNETS.

Just received all the NEW  
STYLES of BONNETS, now  
worn, in White and Colored  
Straws, at

261 Thames street,  
by A. SHERMAN.

## Building Lots for Sale.

2 VALUABLE LOTS situated on Lee Street  
about 1/4 of a mile, south of the compact part  
of the town. One containing 50 feet front, and  
73 feet rear; the other 50 feet front, and over 160  
feet rear. This land will be sold low, if applied  
for soon, and terms of payment made easy. For  
particulars, apply to WM. LEE BARBER,  
Oct. 6, 1849.

CHEAP SUGAR, for sale by  
NEWTON BROTHERS.

## SELECTED POETRY.

OLD FRIENDS TOGETHER.

BY CHARLES SWAIN, ESQ.

O, time is sweet when roses meet,

With spring's sweet breath around them;

And sweet the cost, when hearts are lost,

If those we love have found them;

And sweet the mind that still can find

A star in darkest weather;

But nought can be so sweet to see,

As old friends met together!

Those days of old, when youth was bold,

And time stole wings to speed it,

And youth ne'er knew how fast time flew,

Or, knowing, did not heed it!

Though grey each brow that meets us now—

For age brings wintry weather,—

Yet nought can be so sweet to see,

As those old friends together.

The long known, whom years have shown

With hearts that friendship blesses;

A hand to cheer, perchance a tear,

To soothe a friend's distresses;

Who helped and tried, still side by side,

A friend to face hard weather;

O, thus may we yet joy to see,

And meet old friends together.

"THOU GOD SEEST ME."

"When my spirit was overwhelmed within me  
then thou knewest my path.—Psalm 142d verse 3d.

My God! whose gracious pity I may claim,  
Calling thee Father,—sweet endearing name!

The sufferings of this weak and weary frame  
All, all are known to thee.

From human eye 'tis better to conceal  
Much that I suffer, much that I hourly feel,  
But oh! this thought does tranquilize and heal,  
All, all are known to thee.

Each secret conflict with indwelling sin,  
Each sick'ning fear I ne'er the prize shall win,  
Each pang from irritation, turmoil, din,  
All, all are known to thee.

When in the morning unrefreshed I wake;  
Or in the night but little rest can take,  
This brief appeal submissively I make—  
All, all are known to thee.

Nay, all that thee is ordered, chosen, planned,  
Each drop that fills my daily cup, thy hand  
Prescribes for ills none else can understand,  
All, all are known to thee.

The effectual means to cure what I deplore,  
In me thy longing for likeness to restore,  
Self to de throne, never to govern more,  
All, all are known to thee.

And this continued feebleness, this state  
Which seems to unnerve and incapacitate,  
Will work the cure my hopes and prayers await,  
That cure I leave to thee.

Nor will the bitter draught distasteful prove,  
While I recall the Son of thy dear love;  
The cup thou wouldst not let for our sakes remove  
That cup he drank for me.

He drank it to the dregs—no drop remained  
Of wrath, for those whose cup of woe he drain'd  
Man ne'er can know what that sad cup con-  
tained,  
All, all are known to thee.

And welcome, precious can his spirit make  
My little drop of suffering for his sake;  
Father! the cup I drink, the path I take,  
All, all are known to thee.

HOPE.—It is a delightful passion; it is  
the life of society and of the individual.—

Every species of hope is useful, whether it  
be individual hope, or family hope, or na-  
tional hope, or humanitarian hope. A man  
or woman who is under the cheering influ-  
ence of this passion is always raised a few  
degrees in the scale of being. The under-  
standing is strengthened, the imagination  
is enlivened, the memory is rendered more  
impressive and tenacious by hope; and what  
is of still more importance, the honorable  
feelings are cultivated. The hope of a  
state of social enjoyment has been cherished  
in all ages, in some mode or other. Faith  
has promised a millennium, and hope has de-  
lighted to contemplate it. Industry has  
promised wealth for all, and hope takes up  
this idea also, and nurses it with care and  
tenderness. Peace has promised a state of  
terrestrial repose, and this also hope delights  
in. Science has promised knowledge for  
all. Liberty has promised the rights of  
man. These also are agreeable to hope.—  
Law has promised order; and this also is  
pleasing.

Imnumerable are the cheering prospects  
which hope delights to contemplate; and  
every man who takes up one of these hopes  
for society at large, and thus directs the vision  
of his mind to universal interests, is a  
better man than if he were exclusively de-  
voted to the selfish, the small, and unsocial  
task of accumulating treasures in his own  
barn. We pardon even the excesses of a  
man who generously burns with anxiety for  
the amelioration of the social condition of  
his fellow men, when it is evident to us that  
the zeal is disinterested and unselfish—that  
the means which he employs are legitimate;  
and, moreover, we believe that, however  
foolish the man may be in some or all of  
his fond imaginings, he forms an item in  
the collective mass of hope by which the  
world is moved, and from which it derives  
its stimulus to reformations and improve-  
ments. The hopeless man is dead to society;  
and the man who seeks nothing better  
than what is at present, is dead to action.—

It is our duty not only to attempt some-  
thing better, but it is our life, our energy,  
to believe in its possibility or attainability  
by some means or other.

"I'M NOT AFRAID OF A BARREL OF  
CIDER!" said a toper to a Temperance  
man. "I presume not, from your appear-  
ance." "I should think a Barrel of Cider  
would run at your approach," was the re-  
ply.

## The Baronet's Story.

FROM THE ST. LOUIS REVEILLE.

The following story was related to me by  
an old friend, an Irish baronet, and as far  
as my memory serves, I will give it to you  
in his own words:

About four months after my marriage, it  
was my wont, each morning after breakfast,  
to stroll about my gardens and fields, until,  
perhaps, one o'clock, at which hour I re-  
turned home to enjoy my wife's society; and  
when the weather permitted, we occa-  
sionally took a walk or ride.

One morning, feeling myself not quite  
well, I returned much earlier than usual,  
about eleven o'clock, and went into the  
house by a back entrance; as neither  
knocking nor ringing announced my ar-  
rival, my wife was not aware of my return.

I sought her first in the drawing-room, but  
not finding her there, proceeded to her bed-  
room, and whilst passing through my dress-  
ing-room to it, I was surprised by a sudden  
rush to the bed-room door, which was in-  
stantly bolted within. I distinctly heard a  
low whispering, and, as I thought, a hurried  
receding step; yet, altogether, I was not  
kept waiting more than a few seconds.—

My wife's maid opened the door, when, to  
my greater perplexity, I beheld my wife's  
usually pale face suffused with crimson  
blushes. I also detected her manoeuvring a  
comb through her hair, to hide, as I in-  
stantly suspected, her blushes from me, or  
her disordered curls.

"What is the meaning of all this?" thought  
I "it is strange! the maid, too, looks con-  
fused and frightened."

My wife did not hasten to meet me with  
her usual sunny welcome; there was not  
even a smile to greet me. At length, re-  
covering herself a little, she, with a hesita-  
ting manner, said—

"Well, love, how goes on the farm?"

But I was grieved, for the first time in my  
life. I felt that I was not welcome. I felt  
something was going on that I was not to  
know, so merely saying, "I will tell you  
when we meet in the drawing room," I ab-  
ruptly quitted her.

Not knowing whether I was going, or why  
I suffered so sudden, so frightful a revolu-  
tion of feeling, I hurried down stairs, rushed  
through the hall, across the lawn, and  
plunged into the fir path that leads to a se-  
questered part of the grounds; nor did I  
slacken my pace until I was fully a mile  
from the house, when I threw myself upon  
the green bank by the side of the river, the  
most miserable of men. I, who, one half  
hour before, was the happiest of men, now,  
unaccountably, unutterably wretched.

Pride had, at the moment, prevented my  
asking for an explanation; that, I thought,  
ought to have been given unsought; and I  
determined not to ask Lady—why my  
visit was evidently so unwelcome.

But henceforth, I resolved to keep a  
watchful eye upon her. A thousand cruel  
thoughts crowded upon me, now that I dis-  
covered there was something which my wife  
concealed from me; she whom I thought so  
artless, so free from all duplicity.

At this period I had attained my thirtieth  
year. Lady—was only two years  
younger than myself; but, from her sweet  
and girlish style of beauty, and gay, happy  
manner, no one would suppose her more  
than twenty. She had been educated on  
the continent. I knew that, soon after  
leaving school, she had received matrimonial  
proposals—if she had not been actually  
engaged to a gentleman—before quitting  
Paris. Hitherto, this circumstance had  
never given me the slightest uneasiness;  
but now my thoughts involuntarily reverted  
to it; haunted me day and night.

Between my wife and her maid there  
was an unusual intimacy, owing, as I un-  
derstood, to the latter being, what is called,  
an old follower of the family. This woman  
was one of the tallest I ever saw, and large  
in proportion; her face was handsome, the  
features strongly defined, her eyes large,  
intensely dark and penetrating; her long  
ringlets looked false; in appearance you  
would have said that she was nearer fifty  
than forty. This person, with her erect  
figure, was, taken altogether, what many  
would pronounce a very fine woman, but  
somewhat masculine.

Having described my wife's maid, how  
shall I tell you of the horrible suspicions  
which seized upon my imagination?

I thought, perchance, this maid,—was—  
her foreign lover in disguise!

And yet I did not, could not believe it  
though the fruitful idea never absented itself  
from my brain. To hint such a thought to  
my beautiful Agnes, my beloved wife, I could  
never bring myself. I strove, rather, to  
banish the idea from my mind as a sugges-  
tion of Satan.

From that day I became much changed,  
both in the outward and inward man. My  
happiness was gone, my naturally light and  
cheerful manner gave place to irritability  
and gloom. Time flew on; days and weeks  
passed without any particular occurrence,  
until one morning, having arranged to  
accompany a gentleman in the neighbor-  
hood on a fishing excursion, I informed  
Agnes that I should not return until even-  
ing, when I would bring my friend to  
dinner. Immediately after breakfast, we  
started in a dog-cart. We had not pro-  
ceeded more than four miles, when, in turn-  
ing a corner of the road, a boy, who was  
shooting sparrows, fired so near the horse's  
head that it took fright, and dashed off at a  
furious gallop, not stopping until we were

upset into a ditch. We were compelled to  
give up our day's excursion, and, leaving  
the groom to take care of the bruised horse,  
my friend and I walked smartly home by a  
short cut, and entered the house; after  
conducting my friend into the drawing-  
room, I hastened up stairs to relate our dis-  
aster to Agnes. As I passed through my  
dressing room, I found the door was again  
bolted, and I distinctly heard my wife say,  
with a faltering voice, "He is returned;  
we are discovered!" The scales fell from  
my eyes; I had no longer any doubt; my  
worst fears were realized!

Oh, the agony of the moment! I stag-  
gered back a few paces, my head reeled,  
my heart felt bursting, and I had well nigh  
fallen to the ground, when a frenzy of des-  
pair and rage seized me, I made one rush  
at the door, and roared for instant admit-  
tance. Agnes opened the door and stood  
trembling before me; her attendant flew to  
the farthest end of the apartment. I dash'd  
my wife aside, shouting, "this moment quit  
my house;" and darting across the room,  
seized my rival by the throat, thundering  
forth, "confess all, or this instant you die!"

There was a moment's pause; oh, the  
agony of that moment!

Pale as a corpse, Agnes stood transfixed  
with horror, gazing breathlessly upon the  
tableau before her, whilst, in suffocating  
sobs, my victim sobbed out, "Oh! sir,  
sir! as sure as the life is in my poor body,  
I have nothing to confess, but—that I was  
plucking out mistress's gray hairs!"

ANSWERING OUR OWN PRAYERS.—In the  
vicinity of B—, lived a poor but industri-  
ous man, depending for support upon his  
daily labor. His wife fell sick, and not be-  
ing able to hire a nurse, he was obliged to  
confine himself to the sick bed and the fam-  
ily. His means of support thus cut off, he  
soon became in need. Having a wealthy  
neighbor near, he determined to go and  
ask him for two bushels of wheat, with a  
promise to pay as soon as his wife became  
so much better that he could leave her and  
return to his work. Accordingly he took  
his bag, went to his neighbor's, and arrived  
while the family were at morning prayers.

As he sat on the door-stone, he heard the  
good man pray very earnestly, that God  
would clothe the naked, feed the hungry,  
relieve the distressed, and comfort all that  
mourn. The prayer concluded, and the  
poor man stepped in and, made known his  
business, promising to pay with the avails  
of his first labor. The farmer was very  
sorry he could not accommodate him, but  
he had promised to loan a large sum of  
money, and had depended upon his wheat  
to make it out; but he presumed neighbor  
— would let him have it.

With a tearful eye and a sad heart, the  
poor man turned away. As soon as he left  
the house, the farmer's little son stepped up  
and said, "Father, did you not pray that  
God would clothe the naked, feed the hun-  
gry, relieve the distressed, and comfort the  
mourners?" "Yes, why?" "Because, fa-  
ther, if I had your wheat, I would answer  
that prayer." It is needless to add that the  
Christian father called back his suffering  
neighbor, and gave him as much as he  
needed.

Now, Christian reader, do you thus an-  
swer your own prayers?—N. Y. Evangelist.

A most pertinent question, and one  
which if applied as a touch-stone to popu-  
lar piety, would prove it lamentably want-  
ing. Why, it is the essential heresy of the  
"modern infidels" the reformers of our age  
that churches, priests, and professors shall  
go to work to "answer their own prayers,"  
and that all prayers without such works  
are empty mockeries. When the churches  
of our land shall act on this truth, and  
while praying, shall also labor for the com-  
ing of God's kingdom "on earth as in heav-  
en," intemperance, war and slavery, and  
all kindred abominations will soon be num-  
bered with the dead. The Evangelist must  
be cautious how it teaches such "radical  
morality," if it would retain its respecta-  
bility.—Penn. Freeman.

THE MEMORY OF CHILDREN.—It is note-  
worthy that children, who are taken away  
by death, always remain in the memory of  
the parent as children. Other children  
grow old, but the one we lost continues in  
youth. It looks as we last saw it in health.

The imagination hears its sweet voice and  
light step, and sees its silken hair and clear  
bright eyes—all just as they were. Ten  
or twenty years may go by; the child re-  
mains in the memory as at first, a bright  
happy child. Its young and beautiful form  
moves before us; and what is such a mem-  
ory but an angel presence? Certainly,  
next to seeing an angel, is seeing, with a  
parent's heart, such a cherished form.—

Amidst this world of ambition and show,  
who shall say that this is not a means under  
Providence, of subduing and spiritualizing  
the mind? Thus, in order to cherish such a  
remembrance, we are at times willing to  
turn even from the charms of the liv-  
ing. The sigh becomes sweeter than the  
song. Sorrow subdued becomes a friend,  
and sacred joy is mingled with tears of  
holy recollection. Thus as grief ascends  
the mount of time, she seems to pass  
through a sort of transformation. The  
convulsive agony changes to passive sor-  
row, and querulous misgivings to quiet  
meditation. There must be distress; let  
then, the gushing tears flow, for it is the  
course of nature; but even with this let  
there be the victory of Christian Faith, the  
glorious hope of our holy religion.

## Joe Harris's Panther Fight.

AN INCIDENT IN THE FAR WEST.

JOE HARRIS was the youngest of three  
brothers, the eldest, Bill and Sam, being  
tall, raw boned, fair haired, fair complexion-  
ed men, noisy, insolent, and quick of  
quarrel, and constantly engaged in fights,  
in which, by the way, from the great per-  
sonal strength and activity, they generally  
proved victorious. Joe, on the other hand  
was about the middle size, with dark skin  
and eyes, and his bullet head covered with  
short crisp curls, of the jettest black.—

Quiet and cool in his demeanor, he seldom  
or ever got into a difficulty, but when he  
chanced to be drawn into one, gave ample  
proof that he was by no means behind any  
of his family in fistic prowess, and accom-  
plishments. It happened on one occasion  
at a quarter race (at a little place familiarly  
known in those days as Pin Hook, but set  
down, I believe, on the map of the State as  
Van Buren), that Joe got mixed up in a  
fight with one of the bullies of the neighbor-  
hood, and was knocking the conceit out of  
him "hand over fist," when Bill, the eldest  
brother, who was standing by, and hadn't  
had a fight for more'n a week, jumped in  
between, took the fight off Joe's hands, and  
demolished the fellow in the twinkling of  
a bed post.

After the affair was over, and before they  
had time to liquor on it, Joe took Bill one  
side out of ear shot, and very deliberately  
remarked to him—

"Look here, Bill, I'll tell you what it is,  
I've no objection in the world, if you see  
that a feller's gittin' the better of me, that  
you should cut in and get us apart, but I've  
no notion, when I've got a feller as good as  
whipped, that you should run in and take  
all the credit of the fight! 'Tain't the first  
time you've done it; an' if you ever do it  
again, I give you fair warnin', I'll turn  
right round an' lick you like h—.

Now mind if I don't!"

"Very well," says Bill, who was well  
aware that Joe would be apt to be as good  
as his word, "I'll try and remember."

They then walked back to the crowd,  
and clinched the understanding with a  
smile of Balface.

A few weeks after the conversation and  
fight aforesaid, Bill and Joe walked down  
into the river bottom, either to hunt up  
some cattle, or hogs or to look for timber  
stocks. Bill had his rifle, but Joe was un-  
armed. After forcing their way some half  
a mile or so, a matter, through the thick  
underbrush, composed in part of the red  
buckeye, with its brilliant blossoms, they  
were suddenly startled by a low savage  
growl, which sounded uncomfortably near,  
and ere they could look about them, or  
make any preparation, with a wild shriek  
of exulting rage, a large female panther  
sprang from a limb over head, full upon the  
shoulders of Joe, and attempted to fasten  
her teeth in his neck.

To twist himself around and seize the  
animal by the throat, was, to the intrepid  
borderer, but the work of an instant, and  
then commenced the struggle for life and  
death, fist and foot, against teeth and claws.

Of little service, however, were the mon-  
ster's teeth, for such was the vice-like ten-  
acity of the back-woodsman's grasp, and the  
wiry tension of his sinewy arm, that the  
animal never once got her head near the  
claws did tearing service; in a few minutes,  
poor Joe was as naked in front as when he  
came into the world, and as crimson red  
from top to toe, as ere a buckeye blossom  
that ever bloomed around him. Meanwhile  
with untiring vigor and energy, he poured  
an incessant storm of blows from his iron  
fists into the ribs and chest of his savage  
antagonist, who began after a while, to  
wince evidently under the punishment, and  
finally confined its efforts to struggles to get  
away. But that was no go! There was no  
such thing mentioned in the bill of the play!

At length, perfectly exhausted with his ex-  
ertions, and loss of blood, the gallant Joe  
staggered to a seat, the body of the panther  
now perfectly dead, slipped from his nerve-  
less grasp, with his ribs and breast beaten  
to a perfect jelly. After recovering his  
breath somewhat, and while with Bill's as-  
sistance endeavoring to staunch the blood  
which still flowed pretty freely, he noticed  
the rifle lying down by Bill's side, and  
called out.

"Why Bill! why the h— didn't you  
shoot the infernal cretar, when you seed it  
a doin' me so?"

"Hum!" says Bill. "Very good reason  
why! Didn't you tell me tother day if I  
ever mixed in a fight of yourn again, when  
you was gettin' the best of it, that you'd  
lick me? say!"

"If I'd a seed the panther have you down  
and puttin' it into you, I'd a shot him; but  
long as I seed you was gettin' the best of  
it, I wouldn't a touched him for half of  
Fayette county, d—d if I would!"

Feeling very much interested in the story  
of such an adventure. I soon after sought  
an introduction to Joe, and in the course  
of conversation, referred to the affair. He  
acknowledged the corn, and to gratify my  
curiosity, rolled up his sleeves, and opened  
his bosom, to show me the remembrances  
left him by the panther. Besides several  
deep marks on his face, his arms and chest  
were perfectly seamed, as also he informed  
me were his lower limbs. If his stripes  
had only been colored, he could have beat-  
en the zebra, and given him two in the  
game.

LIFE IN MALAGA.—Marriage, among the  
better classes in Malaga, is a thing, as the  
church service hath it, not "enterprised or  
taken in hand unadvisedly or lightly." The  
laboring people, with that heedlessness of  
the morrow which seems peculiar, every  
where, to the poor and the lilies of the field,  
are satisfied with such happiness as eight  
or ten reals a day can procure, for a man  
with a wife and family. They marry when  
it suits them; live as well as they can on  
wine and oil, grapes, bread, garbanzos and  
garlic, and are as cheerful and merry over  
an old guitar as if its music contained the  
quintessence of as many good things as  
were in my Lord Peter's brown loaf, or his  
alderman's sirloin. Heaven always blesses  
a contented spirit, and there are few of  
them who do not see

"Around them grow their sons and daughters:  
Like wild grapes on the vine."

Quite as willingly, no doubt, would the  
young folks of the higher ranks assume the  
yoke and trust to Providence; but the  
usages of society compel the observance of  
a somewhat sterner prudence. Cupid's  
drafts, with them, are generally on time,  
and at long dates. For many years—often  
from early youth to manhood well mat-  
ured—it is customary for them, *estar en relaciones* (to be upon relations) with  
each other, until the happy or unhappy  
young man (as the case may be) can  
persuade the

## BY THE MAIL.

**A SINGULAR PHYSIOLOGICAL FACT.**—The transference of vitality which appears to take place when young persons are habitually placed in contact with the aged, is not a burlesque fiction. It is well attested by very competent authorities. A not uncommon cause, observes Dr. James Copland, of depressed vital power, is the young sleeping with the aged. This fact, however explained, has been long remarked, and is well known to every unprejudiced observer. I have on several occasions met with the counterpart of the following case: I was, a few years ago, consulted about a pale, sickly and thin boy of about four or five years of age. He appeared to have no specific ailment, but there was a slow and remarkable decline of flesh and strength, and of the energy of the functions—what his mother very aptly termed a gradual blight. After inquiry into the case, it came out that he had been a very robust and plethoric child up to his third year, when his grandmother, a very aged person, took him to sleep with her; that he soon afterward lost his good looks, and that he had continued to decline progressively ever since, notwithstanding a medical treatment. I directed him to sleep apart from the aged parent, and prescribed gentle tonics, change of air, &c.; the recovery was rapid. But it is not in children only that debility is induced by this mode of abstracting vital power. Young females married to very old men suffer in a similar manner, although seldom to so great an extent; and many instances have come to my own knowledge where they have suspected the cause of their debilitated state. These facts are often well known to the aged themselves, who consider the indulgence favorable to longevity, and thereby illustrate the selfishness which in some persons, increase with their years. Every medical practitioner is well aware of the fact, and parents generally are advised not to allow their infants to sleep with aged persons.

**THE WAR WITH THE APACHE INDIANS.** It is known to our readers that there are several American companies in the employ of the Mexican Government exterminating the Apache Indians, a tribe which for years have kept up a continued war upon the inhabitants of Durango. The Americans get about \$200 a scalp, and the cattle which they take. This guerrilla war has been carried on with extraordinary vigor. We have before us an account of a late fight between Capt. Box's company of American thirty in number, with two or three hundred Apache Indians, in which the Americans took twenty-five killed and ten prisoners. The fight lasted nearly three hours. Capt. B's men were so exhausted that they could not follow up their victory and take either the scalps of the wounded or the cattle.—*St. Louis Rep.* 29.

**PIRACY FRUSTRATED.**—The Ann Alexander at New Bedford, reports that about June 8, ship Susan, Ray, of Nantucket, anchored at Point Galera, and found at anchor there the schooner Olimpa, Austin, bound to California with passengers. While lying there the schooner got under weigh, leaving on shore a Frenchman (an owner in the vessel) and five passengers. Those left, and seven deserters from the Susan, then concerted a plan to take the ship, murder the officers and crew, and proceed to California. Their horrible designs, however, were frustrated by a boy, who overhearing their conversation informed Captain Ray in time to save the vessel.

**A SUCCESSFUL TYPO.**—John J. Phelps, Esq. who was recently elected President of the New York and Erie Railroad Company, was a journeyman printer but a few years since. By a close application and a sprinkling of good luck, he has rapidly advanced to the possession of a competency, and an honorable station at the head of the first railroad company in America, covering a capital of \$23,000,000.—*N. Y. Morning Star.*

Mr. Phelps served most of his apprenticeship in this city with Mr. Converse, at the old Journal office. He afterwards published the New England Review, at Hartford, in company with Mr. Hamner, at which time George D. Prentice, Esq., now of the Louisville Journal, was the editor. Mr. Phelps soon sold out his interest in the Review, and commenced with a partner the wholesale Dry Goods business in New York where every thing he touched, prospered. He is reported to be worth all round half a million. The elegant block of stores, on the west side of Broadway, just erected near Trinity Church, are owned by him. Mr. Phelps is scarcely 40 years of age, and is in all respects a noble specimen of a merchant and a fellow craftsman.—*New Haven Palladium.*

**BOOK BUSINESS OF CINCINNATI.**—According to the Cincinnati Columbian, the aggregate value of the book trade of that city is \$1,000,000 per year. One house alone is represented as publishing annually about 700,000 volumes of school books alone, which are chiefly sold in the Eastern cities. The entire number of bookstores in Cincinnati is thirty. The first power press was set up there in 1834, and the city now contains no less than twenty-nine.

**SMALL POX.**—This disease is said to be prevailing to a considerable extent at Annapolis. At Washington, between 30 and 40 cases were reported to the Board of Health on Saturday, as existing between the Capitol Hill and the Navy Yard. The city councils have made an appropriation of \$300 for fitting up the small-pox hospital for the reception of patients attacked by this disease.

**GEN. TWIGGS** writes that the Florida Indians received the announcement of the President's desire for them to go west much better than he expected; they are to answer in December.

**TRAGEDY IN VIRGINIA.**—We learn that a man named Bowen, residing in the neighborhood of Berger's store, in this county, was killed, a few days ago, in an attempt to resist with fire-arms the officers of the law, who had been directed to take him into custody, for the commission of a high misdemeanor. It appears that, on Monday last, Bowen attempted to kill his wife, by shooting at her with a rifle, through a window, at a residence of his father-in-law, and bidding defiance to the laws of the land, and that he should not be taken alive.—Representation of the facts being made known to the Circuit Superior Court, now sitting for this county. His Honor Judge Taliaferro issued orders for the immediate arrest of the outlaw; and the Sheriff summoned several persons to assist him in executing the Judge's orders, who armed themselves for the encounter which was anticipated with the desperado. Accordingly on arriving at Bowen's house, he confronted them in the yard, with his rifle and revolvers, the former of which, after a short parley with them he levelled at one of the party, who dropped from his horse at the instant, and thereby saved himself, as the ball aimed for him barely grazed the top of his horse's head. Bowen then advanced on the crowd with a revolver, when finding they must either run or fight for their lives, a volley of pistols and musketry was discharged at him which brought him to the ground a dead man.—*Danville Register.*

**A WHALE IN VERMONT.**—The workmen on the Burlington and Rutland Railroad, while digging a few days since near Beaman's Hollow, between Vergennes and Middlebury, came across the skeleton of some unknown animal, deeply imbedded in clay. Little attention was paid to the matter at the time, and unfortunately most of the bones were carted off. Enough of them, however, have since been collected by the Rev. Mr. Thompson, of this town, (the learned author of the History of Vermont,) to enable him to determine all the important characteristics of the monster to which they belonged, and to give a drawing representing its proportions. He states that the bones discovered are those of a cetaceous animal, (or sea animal of the whale family,) resembling the dolphin. Mr. Thompson further states, that no fish of this particular kind is known to exist, and that the one here must have lived and died in the salt ocean, long previous to the creation of man. In size, it was about eleven feet in length, and six feet in circumference.

**A CALIFORNIA HOUSE.**—We noticed during the week, at the shop of Mr. Edwards, in Herbert street, a small house which he has been preparing for shipment to California. It is really quite a curiosity. We did not take the dimensions, but should estimate them as about twenty to twenty-four feet. The peculiarity of it, consists in the fact that all its parts are capable of easy and quick separation and union. It may be taken apart in sections, somewhat as the window shutters of our stores are used, each section fitting accurately into its neighbor. When apart it may be so stowed as to take up a very small bulk, and it may be put up in an hour. It is so tight that during our last NE storm, the inside of it remained perfectly dry. Mr. Edwards has already made several, and has orders for several others. The whole cost is only about \$125.—*Salem Observer.*

**DEATH FROM THE BITE OF A RAT.**—Several months ago, a story, giving an account of the death of a young man by the bite of a rat, ran through the newspapers. Recently it has started on its travels again, and as it partakes of the strange and the horrible, it will probably be again in active circulation early next year. To satisfy our own doubts upon the subject, we should like to hear from the collectors of statistics in Pennsylvania, how many are living near Eaton, who rejoice in the name of Philip Potena? How many have died of that name the present year from the bite of a rat, and how many expect to take that most inglorious mode of shuffling off "this mortal coil" during the ensuing winter? As the riddle makers say—"An answer is expected."—*Boston Courier.*

**SINGULAR CHARGE.**—A man named Abraham Rackett was arrested in New York on Saturday, on suspicion of stealing a certificate for \$1000, U. S. Stock. The certificate was mailed about ten years since, at Boston, for Barnstable, and nothing has been since heard of it, until a few days back, when it was found in the possession of a man in this city, who says he received it from Rackett, as a pledge for \$10, which he lent him.—*Boston Daily Advertiser.*

In Fairfield district, S. C., a man named Tidwell, and an accomplice of the name of Lawhon were tried and convicted of abducting and marrying a young girl of 13 years of age. The defendant (Tidwell) is a shoe-maker, and had been employed as such in the family of the prosecutor. The married Miss is to remain in charge of her father until the age of 16, as it appears there is a statute against young girls taking upon themselves the duties attendant on the married state until they arrive at that age.

**INGENUOUS INVENTION.**—We were shown yesterday, a gun, the invention of a citizen of Baton Rouge, which is a most ingenious contrivance. It has four chambers and one barrel, and is so arranged as to shoot as rapidly as the trigger can be pulled; and yet, in size and weight, is not heavier or more cumbersome than an ordinary gun.—The inventor is Mr. L. A. Latil, of Baton Rouge, a Creole, who has for many years held the post of Armorer at the Baton Rouge Arsenal.—*N. O. Delta.*

**PHILLIPS, THE MONEY DIGGER.**—An appeal is to be made soon to the Governor and Council for the pardon of Phillips, the "Cape Cod Gold Digger." A petition is now in circulation for signatures, and already it has received about four hundred signers.

**RELIGION IN CALIFORNIA.**—Rev. O. C. Wheeler, in a letter to the New York Recorder, dated San Francisco, Aug. 1, says: "I am trying to preach, to labor, to pray; and I love my work, but have never seen a harder task than to get a man to look thro' a lump of gold into eternity. It is more like beating the air, contending with the elements, like confining the tide, or stilling the tempest, than I have hitherto supposed could possibly exist. Men come to church and pay more than respectful, serious, and interested attention to all the services, and go away expressing their joy at such an unexpected privilege. But to the inquiry, 'How do you enjoy the exercises?' the listener most likely replies, 'Rising, sir! fifty per cent higher than the same rooms rented for last month.' 'Were you not interested with the church music?' 'I am somewhat interested—that is, I have about a dozen lots; and, sir, eight of them are worth \$20,000 each.' Meet a religious (!) man, and invite him to the place of worship on the Sabbath, and ten to one he will forget himself and say, 'Should be very happy to call upon you, sir, and will if I have time; but I am so hurried! I have come here to make a fortune, and go home as soon as possible.' 'But it was to church I invited you!' 'Oh yes! I beg pardon, but I cannot give you much I am poor—have just come out here to get a few thousands for the support of my family.' I have seen more exhibitions of human depravity, and more of human insufficiency, and more want of the restraining influence of good society, in the eight months since I left home, than in all my life before."

**IGNORANCE AND CRIME.**—In Preston jail on an examination of the prisoners, more than sixty per cent, of all persons committed, including adults, were unable to name the months of the year. The same average could not tell the name of the reigning sovereign of the country. Nearly sixty per cent, had no idea of such words as "vice" and "virtue"; they were unfamiliar with them, and knew not their sense. Thirty-seven per cent were ignorant of the Saviour's name. Fifty-five per cent, were unable to repeat correctly the Lord's Prayer, even by rote, and many who could repeat it did not understand its meaning. One woman of 33 read the second clause, "A'll be wed i' thy name." Of sixty who professed to know it and to be able to write, on being asked to set it down without copy, one only did it correctly; twenty-two produced imperfect versions; fifteen exhibited gross ignorance of the text, and twenty-two were barely intelligible. And these, be it remembered, were nearly all adults! In the case of youth the ignorance is, if it can be, still more profound.—*English paper.*

**THE MEN FOR THE TIMES.**—We like an active man, one who has the impulse of the age—the steam-engine in him. A lazy, plodding, snail-paced chap might have got on in the world fifty years ago; but he won't do these times. We live in an age of quick ideas; men think quick—speak quick—eat, sleep, court, marry and die quick—and slow coaches ain't tolerated. "Go ahead if you burst your boiler," is the motto of the age; and he succeeds in every line of business, "be up and dressed" always—not gaping and rubbing your eyes, as if you were half asleep, but wide awake for whatever may turn up, and you may be somebody before you die. Think, plan, reflect, as much as you please, before you act; but think quickly and closely, and when you have fixed your eyes upon an object spring to the mark at once.

*Yankee Blade.*

**PLANTING CHESTNUTS.**—At a late farmer's meeting in New York, Mr. Rice, speaking of planting chestnut timber remarked, that he plowed up a track of unproductive hill side, several years ago, and planted it with the chestnut, in rows four feet apart every way. The sprouts coming up rather crooked and scrubby, he went over the field and cut them down close to the ground, which caused new sprouts to shoot up straight and vigorous. The trees are very thrifty, completely shading the ground, and grow more and more rapidly as the soil becomes strengthened by the annual deposit of leaves. So well satisfied is he with the experiment, that he is now placing other worthless lands in a similar course of improvement.

**GOLD DIGGERS RETURNED.**—Mr. John Winkley of this town, returned here on Wednesday last, from California. He spent ten months there, and enjoyed the best opportunities for working at the placers. He does not state how much gold he has bro't home, but as he says that a man can obtain half an ounce a day—that on one day he obtained from his washings 566 dollars—and that he has as much gold as he wants, it is fair to presume that he has at least \$20,000. This, however, is only a vague guess—for some people would feel content with a single *crore*, and feel rich at that—the old French schoolmaster, for instance.

*Portsmouth Journal.*

**FIRE BY LIGHTNING.**—During the thunder storm on Tuesday night, 22d ult. the barn of Mr. Benjamin Haggitt, of Edgcomb, was struck by lightning in such a manner as to throw down the whole broadside, and let the scaffolding filled with hay, &c., upon two oxen, two cows and a horse, which were consumed with the building and contents. The fire had not spread extensively when discovered, and the animals might have been saved had they not been crushed by the fallen scaffold.

*Portland Argus.*

The ladies of Pittsburg if we believe one of their own papers, cannot keep their faces clean, in consequence of the coal soot which is constantly falling in the American Birmingham. When a lady's face receives a descending flake, her nearest friend blows it off. To wipe it off would only make bad worse, and singular to say, the greatest kindness shown by the ladies to each other is when they come to blows.

**DEATHS FROM CHLOROFORM.**—A recent number of the Medical Times, says:—"An accident of a very melancholy nature has just occurred at Glasgow. Dr. Adams, Resident Physician to the Clyde street hospital, having occasion to use Chloroform inhaled it himself to try its strength, but without any serious consequences; repeating, however, this experiment, and incautiously increasing the dose, the effect was fatal; he fell back and immediately expired."

The L'Union Medicale of Sept. 8th, says:—"On the 23d of August, Madame Labrunie, a healthy married woman residing at Langras, in France, died from the effects of chloroform vapor. She wished to have a tooth extracted, and prior to the operation inhaled the vapor, which was given to her at her own desire. Complete insensibility was not produced at the first trial, more chloroform was placed on the handkerchief, and she drew a full inspiration.—Her countenance immediately became pallid; her features were visibly altered; there was dilatation of the pupils, with a convulsive rolling of the eyes, and no pulse could be felt. Every attempt was made to restore life, but without success. She died as if struck by lightning."

The public have already been made acquainted with the fact that chloroform, of all narcotic agents, is the most powerful.—Since the discovery and introduction of it by Dr. Simpson, of Edinburgh, hardly a month has passed without furnishing an instance either of death or of extreme danger attendant upon its inhalation. Fatal effects have followed not only in the hands of those using it unprofessionally, but also in the practice of regular and skillful physicians. The public should therefore be assured, that to employ it merely to save pain is not warranted by many of the judicious and cautious practitioners of this country and of Europe, and that many of its friends have abandoned it, and now resort to the ether, which affords the advantages without the dangers of chloroform.

**APPLE STEALING.**—Mr. Joseph Bicknell of Barrington, had a lot of apples, all ready for market, stolen from his orchard on Monday night last. A search warrant was obtained, and Sheriff Johnson started for the boarding house of the Narragansett Brick Company, in Barrington, to commence his "searching" operations. He found the boarders at dinner. As soon as they had finished, they accompanied the Sheriff to their sleeping room, and on his raising up one of the chests and finding it to contain something that sounded very much like apples, he demanded the key to unlock it. No one present would own the chest, and he called for an axe to split the cover, which soon brought the owner forward. Twenty-two chests were found containing apples. Mr. Bicknell was paid for his loss, and the Sheriff his costs, and here the matter rests at present. We have not heard the names of any of the party implicated.—*Warren Star.*

**A GOOD COW.**—Mr. John Johnson, near Geneva, N. Y., has on his farm a cow, which probably gives more milk than any cow in the United States. Through the month of June, 1848, she gave forty-two quarts per day; and for five days she gave forty-five quarts per day, which is probably without any parallel in this country. From the cream only, they made fourteen and a half pounds of butter per week. Had they churned from the milk, they would have got more butter. The cow was milked three times a day. The only feed she got was grass in the pasture. She is of a roan color, half Durham and half native breed, and is seven years old. She is finely formed and a handsome animal. She was raised by Mr. Johnson, who says she will be a good cow at twelve years or more. He has eight cows in his pasture of clover up to their knees, all fine animals, which it is a pleasure to look at.—*Mass. Spy.*

The Boston Shipping List has published a list of the California fleet. The whole number of vessels that have left the United States for California, as near as can be ascertained, is as follows:—Ships 290, brigs 186, brigs 125, schooners 90, steamers 7—total 608. Of this number only about 167 vessels have arrived at California at the last accounts. During the past month 29 ships, 25 brigs, 24 brigs, and 22 schooners have sailed for California. There are now fitting out at this port 16 ships, 4 brigs, 8 brigs, 2 sch's, and one small steamer for California; and at other ports in the United States, 24 ships, 16 brigs, 16 brigs, 6 schooners, and 2 steamers for the same destination.—*Boston Post.*

**ACCIDENTS.**—Mr. Megler, a wood cutter residing near the town of Paterson, N. J., met with a most painful accident on Saturday. He was engaged in cutting down a tree, which fell when only half cut through, burying him beneath it and breaking both legs above the knees. He remained in this painful position for nearly three hours, suffering great agony. His son coming to bring his father's noon meal discovered the accident and gave the alarm. Mr. Megler was immediately conveyed home and medical aid was procured. The son also had his leg broken by falling out of the wagon in which his father lay, the wheel passing over him.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

**S. A. SMITH**, charged at Richmond, Virginia, of assisting a slave to escape by putting him into a box, has been convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for four years and a half. The jury brought in this verdict after having been in consultation nearly 24 hours. A motion for a new trial was overruled, but a bill of exceptions had been filed.

**A DEFENCE OF WILLIAM PENN.**—Mr. Henry Fairbairn, an English gentleman, residing in Philadelphia, has prepared, in pamphlet form, an examination of the charges which Mr. Macaulay, in his recent History of England, preferred against the founder of the now great commonwealth of Pennsylvania—the illustrious Wm. Penn.

The editor of the New York Commercial Advertiser illustrates one of the prevailing sins of our age and country, as follows:—

The rights of others are no more regarded than perfect convenience makes desirable; self-will, self-indulgence, self-interest, self-amusement even, are so far too great an extent put forward as the worthiest objects of pursuit. A jest is none the less welcome or enjoyed if it is levelled at what a better spirit would hold sacred; a practical joke is all the more laughed at if its subject be the helplessness of youth or the declining feebleness of age. Apropos to which remark we will relate an incident that passed before our eyes only a few days since.

We were riding up town in an omnibus, crossing the street, in front of the vehicle, were a little girl and boy, toiling under the weight of a large basket loaded with fragments of wood, which the children had gathered under the walls of some buildings that were in progress. As they approached one side of the street, the driver purposely gave his horses a sudden sheer to that side, almost bringing them directly upon the little pair, who in their fright, set off upon the run, dropping their basket by the way, and strewing its contents upon the ground.—The brutal driver, and a companion on the box with him, set up a horse-laugh, or rather the laugh of a much less noble animal than the horse—and a man passing along the side-walk deliberately stepped up to the fallen basket and took from it some of the largest pieces, with which he walked off, shouting with laughter, while the poor children, with tears in their eyes, stood contemplating the robbery of their hard earned property.

Fancy the teaching thus imparted to the children, the lesson thus thrown in their way for study as they grow up to man and womanhood; their rights invaded, because they are helpless—their sufferings made sport, because they are helpless! Will not the effect remain, and be seen, when they are no longer helpless? When years bring to them the strength and courage that shall enable them to revenge upon others the wrongs to which they were subjected, when they were feeble and defenceless?

**M. LAMARE PIQUOT**, who has travelled in our Western regions, has addressed a memoir to the Academy of Sciences on the naturalization and domestication in France of the American bison. He argues that the animal is remarkably strong and swift; that it would be fit for draught in the operation of husbandry and domestic business; and that it would contribute a new meat of agreeable flavor. He considers the animal as the finest and most useful of the native productions of the Great West. He relates that he saw it hunted on the banks of the Mississippi and the Missouri, and that from the facility of destroying it, he fears the species will soon disappear. The French laborers in town and country have scarcely any other food than bread and vegetables—on account of the high price of meat; therefore, it is highly important to multiply the meats. The bison, he adds, has been domesticated on the Red River, and the flesh found excellent after it has been five years in that state. He cites an instance, in 1842, in which the animal at four years of age performed a journey of seventy-five miles in a day; and, on the morrow, dragged back, by eleven at night, a load of eight hundred pounds. The memoir was referred to three eminent naturalists of the Academy. On the 3d inst., M. Lamare Piquot submitted a second memoir on the composition of the bison's flesh.

**LOVE AND ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.**—An actor attached to the Broadway theatre, named Pope, attempted to commit suicide yesterday morning at his lodgings, 91 Leonard street, by swallowing an ounce of laudanum; but a timely discovery has probably saved his life. The usual antidotes were administered, and he recovered sufficiently to be taken to the City Hospital. This is said to be the second attempt he has made upon his life; the cause—a hopeless passion for a young lady attached to the company at the Olympic theatre.—*N. Y. Mir.*

**ONE OF THE CAPTAINS.**—The Cleveland Plain Dealer says that the steamer Rochester run into a schooner when coming into port. The captain of the schooner ran out on his bowsprit, jumped aboard the steamer and whipped the captain. By this time his vessel had got past the steamer into the lake. He hailed his mate, the vessel was brought to, the yawl was let down, and the captain got aboard, and put out as if nothing had happened.

**COMMUTED.**—The sentence of death passed in Canada on Lewis Miles for rape, at the late Gore District Assizes, has been commuted to imprisonment for life in the Penitentiary. A majority of the Government are opposed to capital punishment and only one execution has been suffered to take place since they came into office, and in that case the indignation of the public mind was so great that it would not have been safe to oppose it.

Mount-Auburn is entered by a fine Egyptian gateway of granite. This gateway was formerly of wood, so painted as to be an exact imitation of stone. When Fanny Kemble first visited the place, she took it for stone. Upon being told of its reality, she is said to have exclaimed—"How perfectly in character for the Yankees; they would carry their deceptions even to the very gates of the grave!"—*Albany Express.*

**PROFITABLE LAW SUIT.**—A suit was recently decided at Manchester, N. H., in which two lawyers were engaged on each side, with a multitude of witnesses, where the original amount in dispute was less than \$5. It had previously been referred to an auditor, but his arbitration was appealed from by the defendant, who objected to paying the costs of court, which amounted to \$50, but who finally lost the whole.

**CALIFORNIA ADVENTURE.**—It is only now and then we find room for a "California letter," these articles that have multiplied so prodigiously of late. Much contradiction, of course, is found in the relations furnished by so great a variety of adventurers. The following is extracted from one of these despatches published in the Bunker Hill Aurora. It may serve to match the unfavorable statements which proceed from the land of promise:—

It is now forty days since we arrived here, and thirty days since we have been fairly at work at the diggings—and all that I ever anticipated has been more than realized. There are eight of us in company—five besides George, Edward and myself.—All our diggings go into common stock, and every Saturday night, after deducting expenses, we divide. My share, up to last Saturday night amounted to sixty-seven ounces. Edward, who don't send his gold home this time, has lent me thirteen ounces to make my remittance amount to eighty ounces, which goes by the same conveyance as this, to John, whom I have desired to pay off the mortgage on the farm, of \$1200 and what there is left to put in some safe place until I hear from me again.

How happy I am, my dear parents, to be able to relieve you of this great burden so soon. Little did mother think, when she took leave of me, in such great distress, and I told her that if she would stop her tears, I would soon be able to clear the farm, that I should so soon redeem my promise. I have bitterly regretted ever since I left Boston, that I did not fall in with Aunt Sarah's proposition to go with me. We had on board three ladies, and every one of us was anxious to show them every attention, and although we had one hundred and thirty-four passengers, there was never any serious quarrelling on the whole passage.

Very near our camp there are a man and his wife, a son 16 years old, and a girl 11 years old—they have all been working in the same spot for nearly three months. We invited them last Sunday to spend the day with us, and the father and little girl came. He told us he came here last season, but did not get upon the right track until this season; said his firm determination when he came here was to get \$5000 as soon as he could, and then return to New Hampshire and settle down on his farm; but, says he has kept on until he has now got \$8000 and over, and says he means to return at the end of this season at any rate, when he will have, he thinks, \$12,000. He says his wife and daughter can wash out double the gold that he or his son can. He and his son dig the earth and carry it on the wheelbarrow to the females and they wash out the gold. They have a little awning where they sit washing, while their food is cooking beside them.

Every body that I have seen since I have been here, seem anxious to make friends—you may leave your tools and gold anywhere and nobody will touch them.

There is a lady at Benicia from Charleston, who washes clothes. She employs two or three Indian women to help her, and she makes one hundred dollars every day. Seamstresses and tailors are just as much, and it is strange more females don't come here. A boy ten years old can wash out as much gold, after a little practice, as a man.

**REMARKABLE ACCIDENT.**—At Whitehaven, England, recently, a little girl was crushed to death by a locomotive which dashed into her father's house. The circumstances are thus related in the report of the inquest:—

Shortly after leaving St. Bee's the train had to descend an incline of something like twelve feet into the town, and there being a hoar frost upon the rails, which rendered them very slippery and caused the train to go much faster than usual, the engine-driver attempted to reverse the engine, which is done by fixing a particular handle in a catch. The handle, however, slipped back several times out of its place, until on nearing the station at Whitehaven, seeing that an accident was almost inevitable, the brakes were put on, and the driver once more attempted to reverse the engine, but in doing so the engine got four strokes forward, and passing the station ran through the outer wall of the house of Mr. Pennington, and through another wall into the back parlor. The little girl, Jane Pennington, was at the time sitting singing in the kitchen, when the engine passed over her, much mutilating her, and causing immediate death. The engine on dashing into the parlor, knocked the fire grate out of its place, throwing the burning contents over the forehead and breast of a little boy, John Pennington, eight years old, the occupier's son, who, however, is likely to recover, though he will in all probability bear the marks for life.

The great storm on Bayou Lafourch, La., did damage to the amount of \$150,000; sugar houses were overturned, and M. Gerbeau and several negroes were crushed to death. The *Picayune* records these "awful incidents":—

"Dr. Bently was engaged quietly reading his newspaper, when his house was overturned, and he himself was seized by a violent gust of wind and landed in the top of a tree. A poor negro, about to cross Terrebonne canal, was transported in safety from one bank to the other; and the mast of a vessel, with its rigging, was carried through the air a distance of forty miles to Bayou Black."

**LUCKY EDITOR.**—The Louisville Courier says—"We are rejoiced to hear that our former associate, Capt. Edwin Bryant, found himself a rich man when he reached California the other day. Some fourteen town lots in San Francisco, which were of but little value when he left there a year previous, are now worth in the neighborhood of one hundred thousand dollars.

The largest packet ship ever built in the country is now on the stocks at Williamsburgh, New York. Her burthen is 1,700 tons.

## General Assembly.

OCTOBER SESSION—AT SOUTH KINGSTOWN.

THURSDAY, November 1.

**IN GRAND COMMITTEE.**—His Excellency the Governor presiding.

The Committee appointed to count the votes for Representative from the Western District of this State to the thirty-first Congress of the United States, respectfully report;

Whole number of votes 5033  
For Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly, 2824  
" B. B. Thurston, of Hopkinton, 2209  
Nathan F. Dixon Esq., having a majority of votes, a resolution was passed declaring his election.

The Grand Committee rose.

**SENATE.**—The following acts and petitions passed:—An act in addition to the several acts relating to the Indian Tribes; Petition of F. A. Paige for discharge from recognizance; An act in relation to Courts of Common Pleas; Petition of George H. Onley for sale of real estate; of Stephen Barker Esq., for leave to execute deed; of Joseph Southwick for leave to take poor debtor's oath; of Benjamin C. Benjamin for change of name; An act in amendment of an act relating to hawking and peddling without license; Resolution authorizing the School Commissioner to draw upon the General Treasurer the sum of \$100, to be appropriated to the support of the Teachers institute; Resolution authorizing the destruction of the bills of the Hamilton Bank.

The Governor communicated a correspondence with the State of New York, relative to a record of the proceedings in the Eastern boundary line; referred.

Message from the Governor, concerning sundry communications from Monsieur Vattermae; referred.

**HOUSE.**—Resolution in relation to Courts of Probate; passed. Resolution in relation to the Supreme Court; passed.

The following acts and resolutions were read, passed and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:—An act in addition to an act, entitled "an act prescribing the manner of proceedings in Courts"; An act to designate what are holidays in relation to the acceptance and payment of bills of exchange and promissory notes; An act in amendment of the "act prescribing the forms of writs and the manner of serving them"; An act in relation to jurors; An act in relation to the State Turnpike; An act authorizing the Wardens of the Peace to join persons in marriage in the town of New Shoreham.

The following Petitions were granted and acts passed:—of Abigail Whipple for the appointment of a trustee; of Bristol Steam Mill Company for amendment of charter; of Moses May to refund a part of sum paid for pedlar's license; of John H. Onley for sale of real estate; of George H. Barney to hold real estate; of Providence Iron Company for amendment of charter; of Michael Gorkick to hold real estate; of George D. Cross and others for an act of incorporation for a cemetery in Westerly; of T. L. H. Creighton for partition; of John C. Clarke and others to join in mortgage deed; of Bridget Holohan for liberation; of Russell Harrington, Jr., for liberation; of Jonathan Doherty vs. Creditors.

An act in addition to the several acts relating to the Indian Tribe; concurred.

Resolution appointing a Committee to establish a grade for the streets and sidewalks on that part of the State Turnpike, in the compact part of the village of Pawtucket; read and passed.

Resolution appropriating \$100 for the support of the Teachers Institute; passed.

An act authorizing town clerks to join persons in marriage; passed.

An act in amendment of "an act imposing a duty upon licensed persons and others and bodies corporate"; passed.

Resolution from the Senate appointing a committee to inquire into the expediency of dividing the county of Providence; read and concurred.

The Inspectors of the State Prison in compliance with law, made their report, which with the report of the Warden of the State Prison and the Physician thereof, and of the Jailor of the Providence County Jail, were referred to a special committee.

Several Banks made their semi-annual returns.

The report of the Committee on the "Registered State Debt," occupied about two hours reading, and before the Report was finished, the House adjourned.

FRIDAY, November 2.

**SENATE.**—The Senate concurred in the action of the House upon sundry petitions, resolutions and acts.

Mr. E. R. Potter, as an apology for not presenting at this session the report of the School Commissioner, said that he would present at the January session the annual report required by law of the Commissioner of Public Schools.

The Senate then adjourned to meet according to law.

**HOUSE.**—Report of the Clerk of the Supreme Court for the county of Kent; read and referred.

The following petitions were granted and acts passed:—for the liberation of convict No. 89; of Lewis Titus for discharge from recognizance; of John Boyd for liberation; of George B. Peck for liberation; of Thomas J. Stead and others, guardians, for power to lease real estate; of Augustus C. Mauran for remission of jury fines; of Sarah Ann Cook for divorce.

The report of the General Treasurer, New York Boston and Providence Railroad Company, Treasurer of the Providence Washington Bridge Society, Inspectors, Physician, and Warden of State Prison, and of the Jailor of the Providence County Jail, were reported by the Select Committee to whom referred, and were accepted and ordered to be communicated to the Senate.

Sundry accounts against the State, amounting to \$2,605 84, were allowed and ordered to be paid.

An act in addition to an act entitled "an

act to provide additional revenue for the State; passed and referred.

An act relating to taking depositions read and passed.

An act relating to the court of Magistrates; read and passed.

An act to prevent improper communication with persons confined in jail. Passed.

The reading of the report of the Committee upon the "Registered State Debt," was again renewed and completed.

The Committee report that the outstanding portion of the old State Debt where the present holders are known, is \$29,730-19, and that the aggregate of the outstanding principal of the debt is \$43,917 14, and further report, in their opinion, the debt is a just and valid claim against the State.

Resolution discharging Convict No. 84, State Prison; passed.

The House adjourned to meet on the 1st Monday of January next, at Providence.

## NEWPORT MERCURY, NEWPORT.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 10, 1849.

**THANKSGIVING.**—Gov. Anthony has appointed Thursday the 29th day of November, as a day of solemn Praise and Thanksgiving to Almighty God, for the blessings with which he has crowned the year.

**NEW YORK ELECTION.**—The election in this State, took place on Monday last. The returns are not yet completed sufficiently to decide the majority. In the city the Whig tickets are chosen by majorities varying from 1000 to 1500.—The largest number on the State ticket ranging 6200 for Comptroller.

The N. Y. Commercial says—The Whigs will probably have a small majority in both branches. We cannot claim this for certainty however, until we have more definite information.

The N. Y. Journal of Commerce, of yesterday morning thinks that the Whigs will have a majority in the Senate, while the Assembly is doubtful.

**NEW JERSEY.**—The election in this State took place on Thursday last. The N. Y. Courier & Enquirer says—New Jersey has again gone for the Democrats, owing partly to supineness and the interposition into the political contest of the Railroad question. The following are the only returns received:—Whig majority 1264; Demos, majority 4,000.

The New Jersey Telegraph says the Whigs in the Senate will probably have 10 members and the Democrats 9; House—Democrats 29 members to 29 Whigs.

**PROTECTION.**—This new and beautiful Fire Engine, which has just been built for the "Honey Bees," No. 5, of this place, by the Messrs. Hunneman's, of Boston, is expected to arrive here on Monday evening next. The Machine with Hose Cart attached is 22 feet in length; has a copper box with air chamber and vacuum; pumps 64 inches in diameter—16 inch stroke, and discharges 400 gallons per minute, carries two streams, one from each side; with 4 lengths of suction hose 7 feet each. The hose cart is capable of carrying 500 feet of hose; and the whole surmounted by a fine toned bell with an eagle "hovering o'er it." She will be tried on Tuesday afternoon.

**GODEY, AGAIN.**—This splendid monthly for December, is thus early upon our table; it contains one hundred pages, and twenty-four engravings, and is the largest and most expensive number of a magazine ever published in this country. The Fashion plate gives the latest pattern of Ladies' Cloaks, which is of purple velvet, with Persian sleeves, and trimmed with several rows of the new style cord fringe, headed by embossed velvet ribbon. Godey has fulfilled his promises.

The Newport Union Club held their final meeting at the "Castle" on Thursday evening last, upon which occasion an elegant supper was served up for them in Rice's best style. The board graced with every thing substantial, and the company enjoyed themselves in the most satisfactory manner.

This Society has been in existence nearly ten years, but owing to the 'Matrimonial Fever' which has seized most of its members, the N. U. C. is now numbered among the things that were.

**CREAF COURTING.**—Leonard Cahoon courted Olive Wilcox, in Dover, Ohio, for fifteen years, and has now been ordered to pay \$400 damages, and \$200 costs, for non-compliance with his promises to marry her.

Miss Matilda Elliott, a crazy woman in the insane hospital at Philadelphia, has obtained a verdict giving her, as the heir of West Elliot, a fifth part of the town of Temperanceville, near Pittsburg. The property is worth \$200,000.

ROBERT HALLIDAY, a sailor, was taken to the hospital, having had his leg cut off by a coil of rope which twisted him round the figure-head. He fell into the Welland Canal, upon which the accident happened, seized the disjointed member, and swam ashore!

At the cattle show in Claremont, N. H., the town of Croydon, fifteen miles distant, sent in a team of eighty yoke of oxen, attached to a huge wagon containing a fine band of music and filled with sturdy farmers.

The entire force of the New York Fire Department, at present, is eighteen hundred men, who have charge of twenty-nine engines, forty-two hosecars, and seven hook and ladder trucks.

ELIZABETH LEITZ, was suffocated by coal gas in Philadelphia, and her beau came very near dying also. The parties were courting, and returning from a walk, sat down in the kitchen, the damper in the stove having been closed. They were not found until morning.

**REMARKABLE LONGEVITY.**—Died in South Kingstown, R. I., on the first inst., Sylvia Tory. She was probably the oldest person in the State by several years. She was a native of Africa, and imported a slave into Newport at the time the brick market was building, at the age of eight years. She has resided in South Kingstown for the last eighty years and was on the day of her death in the enjoyment of perfect health. But being left alone in her house, her clothes accidentally took fire and caused her death. Her sight has continued in great perfection, enabling her to distinguish the minutest objects without the aid of glasses. For the last seventy-five years she has been known all over the county of Washington, as "Old Sylvia Tory the fortune-teller." Her youngest daughter resided with her, aged eighty-seven. The deceased was more than one hundred and twelve years old.

Providence Journal.

MISS MARY GEORGE, the insane woman who escaped from the almshouse in Sambornton, N. H., was found, after 23 days absence, covered up in the hay in the barn, where it is supposed she had been all that time without food, except, perhaps, a few apples. She had a razor in her pocket.

A double headed snake is noticed by the Washington (Pa.) Reporter, as having been caught near that town.

No less than seven patriarchs, the youngest 74 and the oldest 95 years of age, have died in Attleborough since the first of September, says the Taunton Gazette.

A SLIDE.—If we may believe the Detroit Bulletin, a workman engaged a few days ago in shingling the new Presbyterian church in that city, slid off the roof. He fell to the ground a distance of twenty-five feet, but immediately got up, and after giving himself a shake, walked home not a whit the worse.

**DUTIES OF SEAMEN WHO SHIP "BY THE RUN."**—The N. York papers give the following report of a trial recently concluded in the Admiralty Court of that city:

"WM. MILLER vs. JAMES KELLY.—The libellant shipped on a voyage from Boston to New York, in December, 1848, for \$8 wages, by the run, and received his wages in advance. The vessel encountered a gale of wind on her passage through Martha's Vineyard, and after losing her main anchor and cutting away both masts, and having her long boat stove, rigged a light spar, and cut the hawser of her kedge anchor, and ran before the wind into Nantucket. She grounded going into the harbor, and was shortly after relieved by a steamer and towed into the harbor. The weather was cold, and much ice made on the deck, rigging, &c. The vessel lay about three weeks in Nantucket, the libellant continuing with her, when she was towed to New York by a steamboat sent to her for the purpose. The libellant claims salvage and wages, or compensation for the time he was detained over the ordinary period of a run between Boston and New York.

The Court held that the agreement at a gross sum for the run was a hiring for the voyage, and that the seaman took the risk of delays from stress of weather or disasters at sea. He was bound to perform the voyage and remain with the vessel whilst she was bona fide endeavoring to prosecute it. Held that no salvage services were performed by him. The brig was not wrecked, and it was the duty of the libellant to abide by her and render every assistance in his power in navigating her to port.—That turning back and running into Nantucket was no detour; it was strictly a part of necessity. The seaman could not take his support from the vessel during the period of her detention, and demand extra wages, without claiming his discharge and showing his right to it."

"Who can paint like nature," exclaimed a young lady as she held a copy of "Thomson's Seasons" in one hand, while the other was clasped by her enraptured lover. "Ah! what soul there is in that passage! who, indeed, can paint like nature?" "You can!" shouted her boy brother, who had been peeping in at the window; "you're just the girl that can; you're painted like all nature now!"

A fellow named Dedson, at New Albany Ind. has been imprisoned, in default of \$1000 bail, for compelling his young daughters to steal.

A FEMALE of great personal attraction and bewitching address, has been passing herself off at Cincinnati as the authoress, Mrs. Ellis, by which means she collected about \$500 for subscription to a periodical which she alleged she was about to publish in Philadelphia.

We are indebted to Mr. Wales, of Kinsley & Co's Express for Boston evening papers of a late date. The steamer had not arrived.

**BRIGHTON MARKET, Thursday, Nov. 8th.**

At market 1200 Beef Cattle, 1700 Stores, 7000 Sheep and Lambs and 700 Swine.

**PRICES.**  
Beef Cattle.—Extra \$6; First quality \$5 75; second \$5 50; third \$5.  
Stores.—Yearlings \$7 to \$10; 2 year old \$9 to \$15; three years old \$14 to \$23.  
Working Oxen.—Sales at \$20, 65, 70, 90, Cows and Calves.—\$18, 20, 23, 28, 31, 34.  
Sheep—1 37, 1 43, 1 75, \$2 25.  
Swine—34 to 44c. Retail 45c. to 50c. Fat Hogs 4c.

**JOB PRINTING.**

Executed with new and fashionable type, and on the most reasonable terms, at the MERCURY OFFICE.

**A GOOD MEDICINE.**

The Virtues of the Sarsaparilla Root are universally acknowledged, and for an exterminator of numerous complaints and purifier of the blood we know of no more valuable medicine than Dr. Roberts' Compound Sarsaparilla Pills. They are acknowledged by our ablest Physicians to be not only unexceptionable but efficacious in the highest degree, and their basis being the concentrated extract of the Sarsaparilla prepared in a superior manner, these Pills operate both as an alterative and mild cathartic, strengthening the digestive organs, and giving a tone and energy to the body possessed by no other medicine ever known.—*Railway Register, N. Y.*

The above medicine is for sale in Newport R. I., by R. J. Taylor and C. G. C. Hazard. Price 31 1/2 cents per box containing 50 Pills. July 14.—6m1.

**MARRIAGES.**

In this town on Sunday last, by the Rev. Mr. Brooks, Mr. GEORGE N. CHAMBERLIN, of Boston, to Miss CLARA B., youngest daughter of Mr. Wm. L. Melville, of this town.

In this town, on the 5th, by the Rev. Dr. Choules, Mr. CHARLES SPENCER, to Miss LYDIA KING, of this town.

In this town, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Brooks, Mr. THOMAS COUGHER, of this town, to Miss MARIA E., youngest daughter of Peter Barker, Esq., of Middletown.

In Gardner, Mass., on the 28th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Paine, Mr. JOHN B. LANSLEY, Jr., of this town, to Miss SARAH E. MOSES, formerly of this place.

**DEATHS.**

In this town on Saturday morning last, after a long and painful illness, which she bore with Christian fortitude and resignation, Mrs. SUSAN L. TAYLOR, wife of Capt. John Taylor, and daughter of Capt. Benjamin Downing, in the 31st year of her age. She was a kind and affectionate wife, a loving and tender mother, a dutiful and devoted daughter. In all the varied relations of life she was respected and beloved, and has left a large circle of friends and relatives to mourn her demise at that period of life when her matured virtues rendered her existence so desirable to those who had claims upon her.

"Rest thee, daughter, mother, wife,  
Freed from all the ills of life;  
God will claim thee as his own,  
Mid the terrors of his throne."

In this town, on Wednesday evening Miss SARAH ALBINO, aged 18 years, daughter of Daniel Albino.

On Wednesday, Miss HARRIET A., daughter of Mr. George Harrington, aged 23 years.

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In Brooklyn, N. Y., 3d inst., Mrs. ABRAHAM B. widow of the late Dr. William Handy, formerly of this town.

**MERCURY MARINE LIST.**

PORT OF NEWPORT.

**ARRIVED.**

**SATURDAY, Nov. 3.**

Brig A. Dunbar, Hopkins, fm Bristol for Philadelphia.

Sch'r Hurd, Philadelphia, fm Thomaston for N. York; Mary Jane, Webb, fm Fall River for Bath; Superior, Warhall, fm Cherryfield for N. York; Sam Whitmore, fm Lubec for N. York; Sarah Osgood, fm New Bedford for N. York; Expedite, Racket, fm do for Philadelphia.

Sloops Capital, Tuthill, fm Fire Island; Emulate, Covel, fm North Kingston for a market. Ct'd—Brig Amawson, Almy, Havana; Sch'r S. Belden, Hopkins, Mobile.

**SUNDAY, Nov. 4.**

Brig Monacca, Burt, fm Dighton for N. York; Angora, Herrick, fm Eastport for Baltimore. Sch'r Sarah Jane, Seward, fm Fall River; Mary B. Belch, Yates, fm Boston for Philadelphia. Sloops Rienzi, Duffee, fm New York; Joseph C. Giger, Gavitt, fm Connecticut River; Reply, Hubbard, fm Southampton.

**TUESDAY, Nov. 6.**  
Sch'r Packet, Welch, fm New York for Boston; J. C. Waldron, Littlefield, fm Block Island for Providence.

Sloops Ann B. Holmes, Davis, fm Fall River for Albany; J. M. Parker, Mason, fm Somerset for Gardner Island.

**WEDNESDAY, Nov. 7.**  
Sch'r Delaware, Harding, fm Providence for Philadelphia; Nitus, Barlow, fm Providence for New York; Two Brothers, Allen, fm Providence for do; Sarah Ann, fm Dighton for do; Josiah H. Sturges, Crowell, fm Holmes Hole; Lucy Blake, Rowland, fm Providence for Albany; Suffolk, Philbrook, fm Dighton for New York.

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## MARINE MEMORANDA.

Sch'r Wandopasso, Eddy, arr at Georgetown, S. C., the 31st, from this port; Brig John Balch, Melville, el'd same date for Bristol.

Brig Prince de Joinville, Gardner, was at Havana 20th, disc; Brig Lisbon, une.

Sch'r Brookhaven, Burdick, hence, arr at Norfolk the 5th.

## Providence, Bristol &amp; Newport.

**WINTER ARRANGEMENT.**

**ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Nov. 12th, 1849,**

the steamboat PERRY, Capt. Woolsey, will leave Newport for Bristol and Providence every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Returning, will leave Butler's wharf, Providence, (West side) every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Fare to and from Providence, 75 cents; Bristol 50 cents.

The Perry will be in readiness to tow vessels at reasonable rates.

Freight will be taken as low as by any other conveyance.

For further information apply on board. Nov. 10.

**Court of Probate, Newport, holden Nov. 5, 1849.**

THE heirs at Law of SYLVANUS STANFORD, formerly of the city of New York, but late of Newport, dec., intestate, are notified to appear at a Court of Probate of the town of Newport, on the first Monday in December next, the 3d day of said month, at 9 o'clock, A. M., to prove their right to distributive Shares of the personal estate of said Sylvanus Stanford, and that notice be given thereby advertisement for 3 successive weeks, in the Newport Mercury, that those persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

## COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

NICHOLAS GIFFORD, late of Newport, dec., represented insolvent, hereby give public notice that six months from this date, are allowed the creditors of said estate to present and prove their several claims, and that we will meet at the house of John L. Cranston, on the first Saturdays of April and 2d Saturday of May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining and deciding on the same.

JOHN L. CRANSTON, JOHN F. TENNANT, STEPHEN R. SLOCUM, } Comm'rs.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to RICHARD GIFFORD, Administr

# CLOTHING

JUST RECEIVED AT THE  
OREGON  
CLOTHING STORE

A Large and Extensive assortment of  
FASHIONABLE  
READY MADE CLOTHING.

Adapted expressly to the FALL and WINTER  
trade. Consisting in part, of Blue, Black, and  
Brown Overcoats and Sacks. Under Shirts and  
the best quality of French and German  
cloths. A large assortment of Pants, consisting  
of Blue and Black Broadcloths and Cassimeres,  
Striped and Fancy Dressings, Sattinets, Vermont  
Cloths, Kentucky Jeans, &c. &c.

A good assortment of Winter Vests, made of  
Broadcloth, Doeskin and Cassimere. Also Vests  
of Silk and Satin, Valencia, Marcelline, Italian  
Cloth, and a great variety of styles too numerous  
to mention.

Piece Goods always on hand and made to order.  
Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, Suspenders, Gloves,  
Stocks, Cravats, Socks, woolen Under Shirts and  
Drawers, and all other articles usually kept in a  
general furnishing and outfitting establishment.

**HATS AND CAPS**  
of the latest styles, and for sale cheap.

Besides the above we have on hand a  
large lot of TRUNKS, VALISES & CARPET  
BAGS, which may, as usual, be found here  
cheaper than elsewhere.

Call and see for yourselves at the  
**OREGON CLOTHING STORE,**  
Corner of Thames and Franklin Streets.  
Newport, October 13, 1849.

**BRASS FOUNDER,**  
**PLUMBER**  
AND  
**COPPER SMITH.**

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friend  
and the public that he is prepared to execute  
orders in the at the shortest notice, and on the most  
reasonable terms. All articles usually  
kept in the Foundry, Copper Smith line  
or manufactured & cost, most expeditious  
manner. He has  
the latest invention of  
**COPPER & IRON PUMPS,**

among which may be enumerated—Farnam's patent  
Double Action Forcing and Suction; patent  
Hydraulic; Double action lift and force, ship  
and steamboat pumps, and a great variety of others,  
which will be fitted in the best manner and warranted  
not to fail, until worn out.

A large supply of LEAD PIPE is kept on  
hand, which will be fitted to order in any style  
that may be desired.  
A large assortment of such articles as are  
usually found in an establishment of this kind on  
hand and for sale. If all kinds of Job Work  
will be carefully attended to on the most reasonable  
terms. Orders left at the store will be executed  
with despatch.

A share of public patronage is solicited, and  
the most ample satisfaction will be given. Store  
second door north of the Custom House.  
Nov. 20, 1849. NATHAN M. CHAPPEL.

## Marine and Fire Insurance.

THE American Insurance Company, Providence, R. I., continue to insure against LOSS  
OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, on Cotton, Woolen,  
and other Manufactures, Buildings, and Merchandise,  
also against MARINE RISKS on favor-  
able terms. The capital stock

**\$150,000**

ALL PAID IN, AND WELL INVESTED.

DIRECTORS ELECTED JUNE 9, 1847.  
William Rhodes, Robert R. Stafford, Amos D  
Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins,  
Eleazer Kelly, Nathaniel Bishop, George S.  
Hathorne, Caleb Harris, T. D. Bowen, Walker  
Humphrey, Allen G. Peck, and Samuel B. Tebb.

Persons wishing for Insurance are re-  
quested to direct their applications, (which should  
be accompanied with a particular description of  
the property,) per mail, to the President or Sec-  
retary of the Company, and the same will meet  
with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in  
Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.

ALLEN G. PECK, President.  
American Insurance Co.'s  
Office, June 9, 1847.

## NEW FALL GOODS.

**Rich Dress Silks,**  
**RISSONS,**  
**SILK CASHMERES,**  
**Rich Mousseline de Laine,**  
**GLOVES,**  
**PRINTS,**  
**LONG and SQUARE SHAWLS,**  
**Cashmere Mantles,**

And other seasonable goods, now opening.  
F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

**TO LET,**  
and possession given immediately.

THE DWELLING HOUSE on the  
south side of Washington square, (rear  
of the PARK HOUSE,) lately occupied by Mrs.  
H. Irish. For further particulars apply at the  
house next west.

THE subscribers have concentrated their business,  
and formed a Co-partnership this day  
under the name and firm of

**NEWTON BROTHERS,**

and will continue their former business on a  
more extensive plan, at No. 186 & 188 Thames  
street, corner of Pelham, and respectfully solici-  
t a continuance of patronage.

EDWARD F. NEWTON,  
JAMES R. NEWTON,  
WILLIAM NEWTON.

June 28, 1849.

In consequence of the above arrange-  
ment, it is important that all debts due us  
previous to the 1st of January should be settled  
immediately.

E. F. & J. R. NEWTON,  
WILLIAM NEWTON.

The undersigned having associated himself  
with his Brothers, as above, takes this method  
of tendering his thanks to his customers for the  
very liberal patronage that has ever been ex-  
tended to him, and will be much gratified for a  
continuance of the same at the lower store, where  
every inducement will be made to gratify their  
wishes.

WILLIAM NEWTON.  
Newport, June 28, 1849.



For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all  
NERVOUS DISEASES,  
And of those Complaints which are caused by an im-  
paired, weakened or unhealthy condition of the  
NERVOUS SYSTEM.

This beautiful and convenient application of the mys-  
terious and powerful GALVANISM and MAGNETISM, has  
been pronounced by distinguished physicians, both in  
Europe and the United States, to be the most valuable  
medicinal discovery of the age.

**DR. CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC BELT**  
and  
**MAGNETIC FLUID,**

is used with the most perfect and certain success in all  
cases of

**GENERAL DEBILITY.**

Strengthening the weakened body, giving tone to the  
various organs, and invigorating the entire system. Also  
in FITS, CRAMP, PARALYSIS and Palsy, DYSPEPSIA  
OR INDIGESTION, RHEUMATISM, ACUTE and CHRONIC  
GOUT, LUMBAGO, LUMBAGO, DEAF-  
NESS, NERVOUS TREMORS, PALPITATION OF THE  
HEART, APOPLEXY, NEURALGIA, PAINS IN THE  
COMPLAINT, AND CURVATURE OF THE SPINE, RIP  
COMPLAINT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, DEFI-  
CIENCY OF NERVOUS AND PHYSICAL ENERGY,  
and all NERVOUS DISEASES, which complaints arise  
from one simple cause—namely,

**A Derangement of the Nervous System.**

As NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, Drugs and Medi-  
cines increase the disease, for they weaken the vital en-  
ergy of the already prostrated system; while under the  
influence of the GALVANIC BELT, the vitality of the  
system, as supplied by this beautiful and wonderful discovery,  
the exhausted patient and weakened sufferer is restored  
to former health, strength, elasticity and vigor.

The great peculiarity and excellence of

**Dr. Christie's Galvanic Curatives,**  
consists in the fact that they arrest and cure disease by  
stimulating, in place of the usual mode of drug-  
ging and physicating the patient, till exhausted Nature  
sinks hopelessly under the infliction.

They strengthen the system, invigorate the circulation  
of the blood, promote the secretions, and never do the  
slightest injury under any circumstances. Since their in-  
troduction in the United States, only three years since more  
than

**60,000 Persons**

including all ages, classes and conditions, among which  
were a large number of ladies, who are peculiarly subject  
to Nervous Complaints, have been

**ENTIRELY AND PERMANENTLY CURED,**

when all hope of relief had been given up, and every  
thing else had been tried in vain.  
To illustrate the use of the GALVANIC BELT,  
suppose the case of a person afflicted with that base of  
civilization, DYSPEPSIA, or any other Chronic or  
Nervous Disorder. In ordinary cases, stimulants are  
taken, which, by their action on the nerves and muscles  
of the stomach, afford temporary relief, but which leave  
the patient in a more debilitated and worse condition  
after the action thus excited has ceased. Now compare  
this with the effect resulting from the application of the  
GALVANIC BELT. Take a Dyspeptic sufferer, even in  
the worst symptoms of an attack, and simply tie the  
Belt around the body, using the Magnetic Fluid as  
directed. In a short period the insupportable perspiration  
will set on, the stomachic element of the Belt, thereby  
causing a Galvanic circulation which will pass on to the  
negative, and thence back again to the positive, thus  
keeping up a continuous Galvanic circulation throughout  
the system. Thus the most severe cases of DYSPEPSIA  
ARE PERMANENTLY CURED. A FEW DAYS IS  
OFTEN AMPLY SUFFICIENT TO ERADICATE THE  
DISEASE OF THE STOMACH.

**CERTIFICATES AND TESTIMONIALS**

Of the most Undoubted Character,  
From all parts of the Country could be given, sufficient  
to fill every column in this paper.

**AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE,**

which conclusively proves that  
"Truth is stranger than Fiction."

**CURE OF**

**RHEUMATISM, BRONCHITIS AND DYSPERPSIA.**

Rev. Dr. Landis, a Clergyman  
of New Jersey, of distinguished attainments and exalted  
reputation.

SINCE, New Jersey, July 12, 1848.

Dr. A. H. CHRISTIE—Dear Sir: You wish to know of  
me what has been the result in my own case, of the applica-  
tion of THE GALVANIC BELT AND NECKLACE.  
My reply is as follows:

For about twenty years I have been suffering from Dys-  
pepsia. Every year the symptoms became worse, not  
lessening, but increasing from year to year. I have  
tried every remedy, but have never obtained any relief  
except temporary. About fourteen years since, in  
consequence of frequent exposure to the weather, in the  
discharge of my pastoral duties, I became subject to  
severe Chronic Rheumatism, which year after year  
caused me insupportable anguish. Further: in the winter  
of '45 and '46, in consequence of preaching a great deal  
of the winter, and of the cold weather in this region,  
I was attacked by the Bronchitis, which soon became so  
severe as to require an immediate suspension of my pas-  
toral labors. My nervous system was now thoroughly pro-  
strated, and as my Bronchitis became worse, so also did my  
Dyspepsia and Rheumatic affection—thus evincing that  
these disorders were connected with each other through  
the medium of the Nervous System. In the whole phre-  
nological, Crockett's, Turner's, Comie, Fisher's  
Comic, and the Business Man's Almanack, by V. L. Palmer.  
For sale wholesale and retail at TILLEY'S Newspaper & Periodical Depot,  
No. 122 Thames street.  
Oct. 20.

To my great astonishment, in two days my Dyspepsia  
had gone, in eight days I was enabled to resume  
my pastoral labors, and in a few days I was enabled to  
resume my duties as a Clergyman. I have recommended the  
Belt and Necklace to many who have been likewise  
suffering from Rheumatic affections. They have tried them  
with happy results. I believe, in every case.

I am, dear Sir, very respectfully yours,  
ROBERT W. LANDIS.

**DR. CHRISTIE'S**

**GALVANIC NECKLACE**

is used for all complaints affecting the Throat or Head,  
such as Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Throat, Nervous  
Rheumatism, Deafness of the Ears, Neuralgia of the  
Face, Buzzing or Roaring in the Ears, Deafness, which  
is generally Nervous, and that distressing complaint, called  
Tic Douloureux.

**Palsy and Paralysis.**

All physicians acknowledge that these terrible diseases  
are caused by a deficiency of Nervous Energy in the  
affected limbs. Dr. Christie's Galvanic Articles will  
supply this deficient power, and a complete and entire  
cure is thus effected.

**1000 Cases of Palsy and Paralysis**

have been reported to Dr. Christie and his Agents within  
the last two years, which have been entirely restored.  
Dr. C. Andrew J. F. Tomes of Brooklyn, N. Y., had  
been unable to walk for nearly four years, and was  
so helpless that he had to be carried in a chair. A  
physician gave him up. In five days after he commenced  
wearing the GALVANIC BELT, NECKLACE, and BRACELETS,  
he walked across the room, and in three weeks he had  
perfectly recovered his health. Captain Tomes is seventy  
years of age.

**Severe Deafness Cured.**

The following is an extract from a letter lately received  
from a distinguished physician in the State of Virginia.

"A. H. CHRISTIE, M. D.—Dear Sir: One of my patients,  
unknown to me, obtained your Galvanic Belt and Neck-  
lace, with the Magnetic Fluid, for a serious affection of  
Deafness. The case was that of a lady whose Nervous  
system was much disordered, and her general health  
poor. Much was done previously to the application of the  
Belt, but with very little success, and I feel it only right  
to tell you, that since she commenced wearing the Belt  
and using the Fluid, but a few weeks ago, she has  
ENTIRELY RECOVERED HER HEARING, and her  
general health is better than for several years."

Every case of Deafness, if it be Nervous, and if  
generally it can be cured by this wonderful remedy.

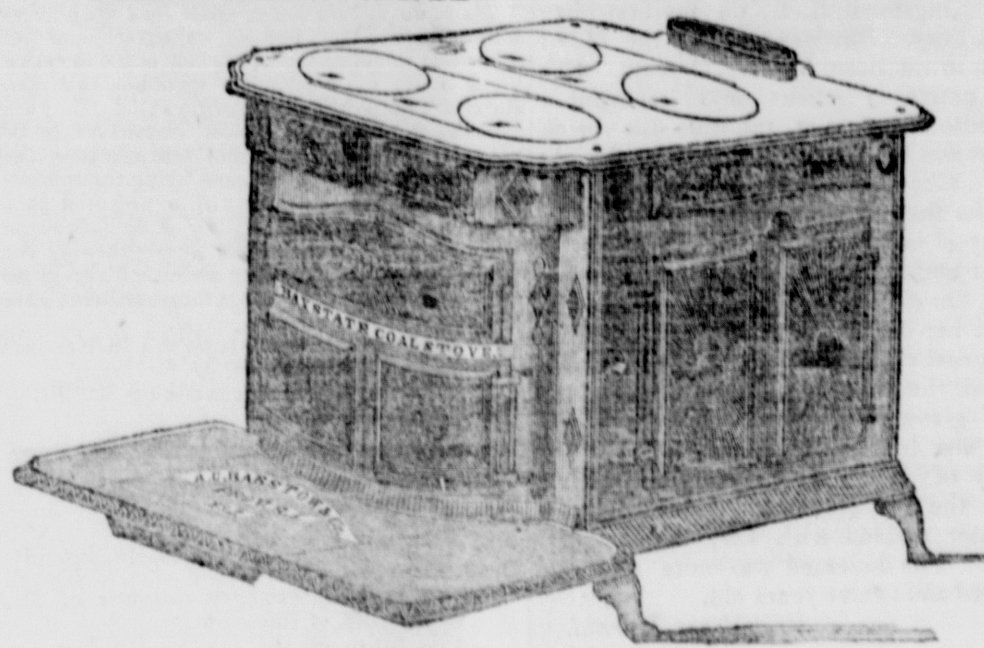
**DR. CHRISTIE'S**

**GALVANIC BRACELETS**

are found of vast service in cases of Convulsions or Fits,  
Spasmodic Complaints, and general Nervous Affections of  
the Head and upper extremities. Also in Palsy and Paraly-  
sis, or Nervous Energy in the limbs or other organs of the  
body.

For sale in Newport, by  
Oct. 13. R. R. HAZARD.

## THE BAY-STATE COAL STOVE.



THE SUBSCRIBER having received a large assortment of Cooking Stoves would call the at-  
tention of his friends and the public generally to call and examine the following:—

The Bay-State Coal Stove was patented in 1849, and is arranged for a perfect Coal Stove. It has  
been pronounced by competent judges, the most beautiful and perfect in its appearance of any  
Cook Stove in the market. Notice its general beauty—superior castings, both in respect to weight  
and finish, and the care and skill with which they are mounted.

The May Flower, for Wood or Coal, a new pattern. The Perfect Union Stove. The air-tight  
Reverberator. The National Air-Tight. The Queen Air-Tight.  
Ferry's Bureks circulating hot air Cooking Stoves, and a good assortment of other Cooking Stoves.

Also, a good assortment of Parlor Stove for sale low.

He would also call the attention of the public to a new and beautiful Portable Grate.  
Coggshall & Bliss's Ranges and Beech's Ranges constantly on hand.

The subscriber will set Culver's, Chilson's, and Foss's Hot Air Furnaces, and warrant them  
to give good satisfaction. Persons wishing to heat their houses with a Furnace I would invite  
them to call and see the HEDENBURG Hot-Air Furnace, now in full operation at the store of the  
subscriber.

WILLIAM H. BLISS.  
Newport, October 27, 1849.—tf.

**TO LET.**

The Newport Bank House,  
with the exception of the two  
lower rooms in front. Apply to  
S. CAHOONE, Cashier.  
Newport, Oct. 20, 1849.

**FOR SALE.**

ONE-THIRD PART of the  
Sloop ANNAPOLIS, burthen \$5 46-  
tons, sails fast, and is well adapted  
to the Lighterage business at Mobile,  
being staunch and strong, can also be sent  
to sea with little expense.

The vessel may be seen at the Long Wharf.—  
For further particulars apply to  
MARGARET D. BURDICK,  
Administratrix on the estate of Daniel Burdick  
Aug. 4, 1849.—tf.

**TO LET**

THE COTTAGE in Kay St.,  
now occupied by the Rev. Henry  
Jackson. For terms &c., apply to  
SAMUEL ENGS.

**TO LET**

THE valuable estate No. 148 Thames  
street. The store has been recently  
repaired and modernized, and as a  
business location is not surpassed by  
any in Newport. The tenement is roomy and  
convenient—there is a good cellar and well of  
water, and a large garden, containing some valuable  
fruit trees. For terms apply to  
WILLIAM HUNTER

**TO LET**

BLEACHED and Unbleached SHEETINGS and  
SHIRTINGS, Crash Diapers, &c., just received  
by JAMES H. HAMMETT.  
August 18.

**Valuable Real Estate For Sale.**

THE ESTATE on Thames  
street, long known as the  
residence of William Lee, dec., con-  
sisting of a lot of land 90 feet  
front and rear, and extending to the harbor,  
with a two story dwelling house, stable and other  
out buildings thereon, and is well supplied with  
well and rain water; together with a Spar Yard,  
having a Spar Shop 70 feet long, with ample dock  
and wharf room, and all the necessary fixtures for  
processing the spar-making business,—for which  
purpose it has been occupied for upwards of 100  
years in the same family. March 31.

**FOR SALE**

A NEW two-story Stone House, situated on  
A Street, about 1/4 of a mile south of the  
compact part of the town. If This House is  
very commodious and well finished, has a patent  
Cooking Range, a bathing room, force pumps for  
rain and well water, &c., and commands a fine  
view of the town and harbor, and of the adjacent  
farms, with nothing to interrupt the prospect on  
either side. For further information apply to,  
R. P. LEE,  
At the R. I. Union Bank.  
Newport, March 31.—tf.

**FOR SALE,**

ALL the Land late belonging to Nathan Stan-  
ton, situated near the Wind Mills, containing  
about 23 acres. Those wishing to purchase will  
call at No. 10 Market square.

GILBERT STANTON, Assignee  
JOSEPH STANTON,  
Newport, April 7, 1849.—tf.

**For Sale or To Let.**

The pleasant House in Broad  
street, belonging to the estate of  
the late Richard K. Randolph, Esq.,  
It contains 12 finished rooms, has a  
good well of water, cisterns, wood house, garden  
&c. The rent is \$150. Apply to  
MISS YEOMANS, in Broad street.

June 23, 1849.

**FOR SALE**

ON reasonable terms, about 20 acres of excel-  
lent LAND, situated near the wind-mills.  
Said land is a beautiful situation for building,  
and has two never failing springs of water. For  
further information apply to  
FELIX PECKHAM,  
No. 57 Broad street.  
Sept. 1.]

**FOR SALE**

CHEAP COUNTERPANES, for sale by  
JAMES H. HAMMETT.  
Newport, Sept. 8, 1849.

**Executors Notice.**

JAMES PEARCE, having been appointed Ex-  
ecutor of the last Will and Testament of  
GODFREY PEARCE,  
late of Little Compton, dec., and given bond as  
the Law directs, all persons having claims against  
said estate, are requested to present them for set-  
tlement, and all indebted to make immediate pay-  
ment to him.  
Little Compton, Sept. 10, 1849.

**KNIT HOSIERY**—A large supply of Woolen  
K and Cotton Knit Hosiery, for sale by  
Aug. 4, 1849. H. SESSIONS.

## SCHOOL BOOKS.

Such as are used in this town and vicinity, con-  
stantly for sale at  
JAMES HAMMOND'S.  
October 6, 1849.

**TO LET,**

A HOUSE in Pelham street  
having a large kitchen, and two  
large cellars in the basement, and  
ten or eleven rooms on two floors  
including a spacious hall, with a yard, rainwater  
cistern, &c. For further particulars and terms,  
apply to  
DAVID MELVILLE,  
Frank Street.  
Newport, March 3, 1849.—tf.

**JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE.**

BACKGAMMON BOARDS, Checker Boards  
B Combs, Brushes Perfumery, &c., Dice, Dominoes,  
Chessmen, &c., all for sale cheap, at the  
Confectionary & Variety Store, by STACY.

**J. G. GILBERT,**  
No. 215 Pearl Street,  
NEW YORK.

—OFFERS FOR SALE—  
**Paper Hangings**  
—AND—  
**Floor Oil Cloths.**

A large assortment of American, French and  
German Paper Hangings, with Borders to match,  
for sale in any quantity, at the lowest market  
rates. Merchants unable to visit the city of New  
York can depend upon their orders being filled  
at the lowest prices by sending description of  
style and quantities. Oil floorcloth cut to suit the  
purchaser.  
New York, Aug. 31, 1849.

**COMMISSIONER'S & ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**

THE subscribers having been appointed by the  
Court of Probate of the town of Middle-  
town, Commissioners to receive and examine the  
claims against the estate of  
WILLIAM COGGESHALL,  
late of Middletown, Yeoman, dec., represented in-  
solvent, hereby give public notice that 6 months  
from this date, are allowed the creditors of said  
estate to present and prove their respective claims  
and we will meet at the house of Ruth Coggeshall  
in Middletown, for said purpose, on Saturday  
next preceding the third Monday of March next  
at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

GIDEON PECKHAM, Comm'r.  
BENJAMIN ALLEN, Comm'r.  
JOSHUA COGGESHALL, Comm'r.

All persons indebted to said estate are request-  
ed to make immediate payment to  
RUTH COGGESHALL, Administratrix.  
Middletown, Sept. 17, 1849.

**Coal Yard**

THE subscriber respectfully informs the pub-  
lic that he has taken the Coal Yard and  
wharf recently occupied by Charles Devens, Jr.,  
and shall be happy to supply the old customers  
of Mr. Devens, as well as the public generally,  
with the best kind of Coal.  
WM. G. PECKHAM.  
Newport, May 12, 1849.—tf.

**COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.**

THE subscribers having been appointed by the  
Hon. Court of Probate of the town of New-  
port, commissioners to receive and examine the  
claims against the estate of  
BENJAMIN FAIRBANKS,  
late of Newport, dec., represented insolvent,  
hereby give public notice that six months from  
this date, are allowed the creditors of said estate  
to present and prove their several claims, and  
that we will meet at the office of Peter P.  
Remington, on the third Saturdays of December,  
1849, and January and February 1850, at 2 o'clock,  
P. M., for the purpose of examining and  
deciding on the same.

CLARKE BURDICK, Comm'r.  
JAMES LAWTON, Comm'r.  
BENJ. B. HOWLAND, Comm'r.

All persons indebted to said estate are request-  
ed to make immediate payment to  
PETER P. REMINGTON, Administrator  
with the Will annexed.  
Newport, August 6, 1849.

**NEW GOODS.**

—A large supply of—  
**NEW FALL GOODS,**  
Are received at  
JAMES HAMMOND'S.  
Oct. 6, 1849.

**FOR SALE.**

A modern built, two story new House  
situated in John street, containing ten  
rooms and attic; lot 67 by 85 feet. If this estate  
is not disposed of at private sale before, it will be  
sold at Auction, Sept. 1st. For particulars en-  
quire of S. A. PARKER, Real Estate and Stock  
Broker.  
[Aug. 18.]

**COTTON WARPS.**—Indigo blue, and brown  
Cotton Warps, of good quality, for sale by  
Sept. 15.] H. SESSIONS.

## THOMAS COGGESHALL,

PAINTER, GLAZIER, AND DEALER IN PAINTS,  
OIL, GLASS, POTASH, &c.

**SASHES and BLINDS,**  
—Constantly on Hand—

AT THE OLD STAND 109 THAMES ST.

NEWPORT R. I.  
**PAPERING**  
Particularly attended to.  
Sept. 29, 1849.

**Smoke House.**  
**HAMS CURED AND SMOKED.**

THE SUBSCRIBER has en-  
larged their Brick Smoke House,  
and are now prepared to cure and  
smoke Hams and other meat in  
the best manner, and on reasonable terms. The  
smoke is made from hard wood and coals.  
JOHN W. DAVIS & SON.  
Newport, Sept. 29, 1849.—tf.

**W. M. H. SMITH, DENTAL SURGEON,** respect-  
fully invites the attention of the citizens of  
Newport and its vicinity, to his superior method  
of treating decayed teeth.

He will also insert artificial teeth from one to  
an entire set in the best possible manner.  
All operations performed equal to the best  
and warranted.

**PRICES MODERATE.**  
Office over Finch & Eng's Store, Thames street.  
Unquestionable references given if de-  
sired. [Sept. 22, 1849.]

**GLASS! GLASS!!</**